

USE POND'S EXTRACT
TO RELIEVE THE REDNESS OF THE SKIN OF
TO BATHE THE ITCHING WHEN CHAPPED BY SUN.
TO REDUCE THE EFFECTS OF THE WIND OF SUN.
TO CHECK ANY INFLAMMATION.
TO CURE ANY ITCHING.

BUT
REFUSE
SUBSTITUTES.
GENUINE HAS
BUFF WRAPPER
AROUND BOTTLE.
MADE ONLY BY
POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
76 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

**A SAFE AND
Profitable Field for Investment!**
LOTS IN THE TOWN OF
LUBBOCK, TEXAS,

Recently elected County Seat of Lubbock county, one of the best and most centrally located counties in the lower plains country. The town is located at the foot of the famous Yellow House Canyon, and though only thirty days old, can boast of over forty houses, a three-story seventeen-room hotel and a population of nearly 300 souls. Lubbock county itself and the surrounding counties are being rapidly settled up with a sturdy class of farmers and stockmen. We have a limited number of lots for sale in this promising town. For prices and other particulars apply to

LOFTON & HARRISON, or F. E. WHELOCK,
Cor. 4th and Houston Sts., Fort Worth, Tex. Lubbock, Texas.

FISCHER PIANOS.
PRAISED THE WORLD OVER
Standing in Tune—No Superior.
WILL A. WATKIN MUSIC CO.,
737 Main Street, 109 N. Murphy Street, Dallas, Texas

Fort Worth Drug Co.



E. W. TAYLOR, GEORGE L. HURLEY,
President, Vice-President.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS!
Capital Stock, \$250,000.

We make a specialty of getting up retail drug stores complete from cellar to garret, including furniture, fixtures, etc. Also carry at all times

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

Just completed—Our new price list for 1901 and will be pleased to furnish it to retail druggists of Texas.

J. C. TERRELL, Sr., W. J. JORDON,
Second Vice-President, Sec. and Man.

IT IS COMING.

**A GREAT IMMIGRATION MOVE
RAPIDLY FORMING.**

Money and People Will Be in Texas in the
Near Future—How Eastern Capitalists
Talk About the State of Texas.

Col. James Kinsman, vice-president of the Southern National Bank of New York city, who speaks a great deal of his time in this city and who is admitted and esteemed by all who know him, has recently returned from a trip to New York, where he did "leg work" for Texas. He was met by a reporter yesterday and asked what Eastern capitalists intended to do about Texas, to which he replied:

"At present, I am sorry to say, there is a feeling of unrest among the money men of the East. Europe is in a bad financial condition and is draining this country of gold. In fact, the deplorable financial condition is best illustrated by the fact that \$25,000,000 was poured into the South for cotton during the past year, and yet it is scarcely a drop in the bucket and its influence is slight."

"Europe is loaded with a large amount of American securities, which it can dispose of in America at a higher price than in Europe. This is one cause of the gold exports, but as soon as the balance of trade is in favor of America, I think the stinging will pass away. I think the wheat and cotton crops are marveled."

"Again, the strained monetary condition of the South is due to the shifting of vast manufacturing enterprises from the North to the South, this necessitating more money in the South. Of course, you know that the South never did have enough money to properly transact business, and the greatly increased business demands that something be done to put more money in circulation."

"While speaking of the commercial condition of the South, I would say that I am of the opinion that Mr. Harrison's administration has greatly retarded the development of the South by the army with which it supported the force bill, and his re-election would be a severe blow to the material welfare of this section. However, I find that he is not popular in the East, and his re-election is a matter of fear to the business men, who feel that the South offers the best field for investment in the world."

"I have been asked all kinds of questions in regard to Texas, and have been reliably informed that the entire East looks upon the state as the most promising in the Union. Reports of the magnificent crop prospects of the state are listened to with delight by Eastern capitalists, and as soon as the financial uneasiness at an end, immigration and money will pour into the state in a manner that will appear marvelous."

"Eastern capitalists have been bitten by investing in California, Nebraska, Colorado and Dakota, and now have little confidence in those states. After withdrawing their investments from those states, they are compelled to look for other fields. The Eastern states are worn out, and the only chance of profit is now in Texas. Consequently they are inquiring all about the

state, about bank stocks, manufacturing enterprises, etc. They have discovered that national bank stock in Texas pays 20 per cent per annum and large sums will seek this field. They are astounded at the magic growth of Texas cities and the enhancement in the value of agricultural lands. And in fact, there is a set determination in the East to send money to Texas in search of investment."

"During my sojourn in New York, I met a gentleman from Boston, who asked all about the country, climate, produce and progress. Of course, I told him that Texas was the grandest state and had the most promising future of any state in the Union, and I learn that he is now making arrangements to build a car factory at Beaumont, to be operated with a capital of \$500,000. Now, there are thousands of other gentlemen in the East who will place their money in Texas as soon as this stringency passes away, and within the next two years I think that the influx of money and immigration will be tremendous."

"But I am uneasy about this agitation of the free coinage of silver. I do not know what would be the effect of free coinage; but I do know that these gold exports are, in a measure, the result of this agitation. Anyway, I think that a great nation like the United States, if it adopts a bi-metallic currency, should make gold coins equal in value. However, we must have a larger circulating medium—one that will meet the demands of the country, and the manner of acquiring that medium is a matter for statesmen to solve."

"Mr. Kinsman also expressed himself as highly delighted with the crop prospects; and said that the large cotton crop of last year and the outlook for a great wheat crop this year was rapidly convincing Eastern men that Texas was the state to bring their money to."

"That tired feeling is entirely overcome by Hood's Sarsaparil, which gives a feeling of buoyancy and strength to the whole system."

TO ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS.

For the Gazette.

She is fair as the lilies—wonderfully fair;
Oh! her melting brown eyes and her rich raven hair;
My heart is enrapt, let me hasten and fly,
For there's danger to me in the glance of her eye.

Her form rivals Venus, and from her fair face,
Beams the light of a soul which only heaven can place.
Her step is as light as the spring of the deer,
And she moves with the grace of a bird in the air.

Her mouth is like roses and her cheeks much
The same.
Like a dish of strawberries all smothered in cream,
Twere't feast for the gods, these roses to kiss,
But mortal like I should not covet such bliss.

Her voice is as soft as the voice of the dove
When he preads with his mate for a token of love.
Her love is as warm as the sunshine's soft glow,
She is fair as the lilies and pure as the snow.

But my heart must extinguish its passion's wild fire,
Lest itself be consumed on love's funeral pyre.
A slave at her feet and a slave at her feet,
For my soul is entranced with the glance of her eye.
May 20, 1901.

THE PRODUCTION

**OF COTTON COMPARED WITH
THE TEMPERATURE**

And Rainfall in Texas—Texas Produces
About One-Fourth of the Cotton
Grown in the United States.

Special to the Gazette.

GALVESTON, TEX., May 20.—Texas produces nearly one-fourth of the cotton grown in the United States, and on account of the importance of this crop data has been compiled showing the normal monthly temperature and precipitation, and the departures of the current temperature and precipitation from the normal for each month during the growing year for eleven years (from 1890 to 1900) over the agricultural portion of the state. The monthly departures from the normal have been deduced from five stations throughout and more where complete records could be obtained, and selected so as to give the most accurate results. The yield of cotton has been taken from cotton exchange and other statistics, and is as reliable as can be obtained.

A brief summary of the extensive data to be published in this bulletin is given below: The yield of the crop grown in 1890 was 43 of a bale per acre, which is slightly in excess of the average yield. The temperature during this year was above the normal continuously to the 1st of June, after which it dropped below the normal and remained so to the balance of the season. The rainfall was deficient up to February 1, after which it was about normal or above, except in August there was only about two-thirds of the normal, but this was both preceded and followed by an excess ranging from 50 to 100 per cent of the normal.

The crop grown in 1891 yielded 30 of a bale to the acre, which is 10 below the average. During this year the temperature was generally in excess during the winter and up to May 1, after which it was about 3 degrees above the normal during the remainder of the season. The precipitation was normal or above up to March 1, after which it was generally deficient except in May, and very irregularly distributed. The amount which fell in May was decidedly excess and was sufficient to have washed up the crop, and was followed by a total absence of rain in June, about the normal in July, for that month which is less than 4.00 inches, and by a marked deficiency lasting through August and September.

The largest yield per acre during the period under consideration was the crop grown in 1892. The average was 51 of a bale per acre, which is about 10 above the average. The temperature during this year was 4 degrees to 5 degrees in excess of the normal to May 1, after which it was slightly deficient to the end of the year. The precipitation was very evenly distributed throughout the year, and was generally about normal except that there was a marked excess during July and August, followed by a deficiency in September.

The yield of the crop grown in 1893 was 36 of a bale per acre. The temperature during this year was very even, the deviations from the normal being slight. The precipitation was above the normal until April 1, after which it was below, and the deficiency was marked during July, August and September.

The crop grown in 1894 averaged 31 of a bale per acre. The temperature during this year was very unevenly distributed; it was generally in excess during the winter, and about two degrees below the normal during April, May and June, after which it was in excess of the normal to the end of the year. The precipitation was above the normal until April 1, after which it was below, and the deficiency was marked during July, August and September.

The yield of the crop grown in 1895 averaged 42 of a bale per acre. The temperature during this year was generally deficient, but the departure from the normal was slight after April. The precipitation was generally about normal or above; during the first part of the year it was in excess, and during the planting and growing season the deviations from the normal were slight.

The average yield per acre for the crop grown during the years 1890 to 1900 was 42 of a bale per acre. The temperature during this year was generally below normal up to May, after which it averaged slightly above the normal to the end of the year. The precipitation was about normal throughout the year except during May no rainfall, and in July the deficiency amounted to one-third of the normal.

The yield of the crop grown in 1896 averaged 40 of a bale per acre. The temperature was above the normal, with the exception of the first three months, throughout the year. The precipitation was below normal up to May 1, after which it was continuously above the normal.

The yield of the crop grown in 1897 averaged 40 of a bale per acre. With the exception of December and January, the temperature was below the normal throughout the year. The precipitation was in excess until April 1, after which it was slightly deficient, except in June it was 2.40 inches in excess of the normal.

The crop grown in 1898 averaged 41 of a bale per acre. The temperature was generally about normal or slightly below except during December and January, when it was decidedly in excess. The precipitation was in excess until May 1, after which it was about normal or slightly deficient, but more generally normal to the end of the season.

In examining the years separately it is seen first that the greatest damage has resulted from excessive rainfall in April and May, particularly in the latter month, followed by a rapid decrease in June, subsequent months; and second that the next greatest damage to cotton has resulted from drought during July and August. It is also observed that the largest yield is in years with an even normal or slight excess in both temperature and precipitation from May 1 to September, and while depending to some extent on the conditions which prevail previous to May 1, their effects are not so marked yet without exception, continuous warm weather from January to May has been followed by an average yield of cotton.

By Dr. I. M. Cline, Sergeant U. S. Signal Service.

A SLEEP INDUCER.
Hood's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. J. E. L. KIRK, Indianapolis, Ind., says:
"From my experience, I would say that as a sleep-inducer, it is the best I have ever used."

COURT OF APPEALS.

Cases Affirmed and Reversed and Remanded Yesterday.

Special to the Gazette.
ATKIN, TEX., May 20.—In the court of appeals the following cases were decided:
Affirmed—Allen et al. vs. Waco State Bank, from McLennan; Tompkins Machine Company vs. W. Millan, from Dallas; Newton vs. Crow et al., from Cooke; Tolbert vs. Templeton, from Wichita.
Reversed and remanded—Smith vs. Holland, from Brown; Texas and Pacific Railway Company vs. Terry, from Taylor; Durie & Picketts vs. Anderson, from Cooke; Moore vs. State, from Greer; Davis vs. State, from Willinger.

His Effort a Success.

Correspondence of the Gazette.
WAXAHACHIE, TEX., May 19.—Ike Arnold, the man who tried to commit suicide last Sunday by cutting his throat with a razor, died late yesterday evening.

A \$1,000,000 Failure.

BOSTON, MASS., May 20.—The liabilities of the Davis shoe company with manufacturing at Richmond, Va., Kennebunk, Maine, and Lynn, Mass., are said to exceed \$1,000,000. Hon. Joseph Davis, formerly president of the corporation, has made a personal assignment. It is known that the company lost \$115,000 by the recent failure

of J. & A. Simpson & Co. of Cincinnati. Mr. Davis told a reporter that the failure was a great surprise to him as to anybody. On Saturday last he had no expectation of trouble. Davis said further that the Potter-Lovell failure had involved him heavily, but he would not state the amount. He said that several failures must follow his own within a few days.

SMITHFIELD.

Death of a Child—Canning Company Stockholders Meet.

The youngest child of Depot Agent Mr. H. G. Hollis died yesterday morning of convulsion. This is the first death in Smithfield for two years—the last before this also being a little son of Mr. Hollis. Mr. Hollis has the sympathy of the entire community. He has filled his position well, to the satisfaction of the railroad company as well as the people.

A slow, soaking rain fell last evening. Just the right thing at the right time to insure the finest crop we have had for years. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Smithfield Canning Company was held on the 18th instant, at which J. T. Burt, A. P. Lockett, Luther I. Boaz, C. M. Crane and H. C. Gilbert were elected as directors for the ensuing year. After which the board of directors organized by electing J. T. Burt, president; H. C. Gilbert, vice-president; Luther I. Boaz, treasurer, and D. W. Smith, secretary and business manager. In simple justice to the canning company it is proper to say that it was organized May 10, 1888, and has run its business for the three seasons past under very unfavorable circumstances, but now, by dint of perseverance, it has established itself in the confidence of the commercial world and has a bright prospect for the future as any business of this kind in all the land. Mr. Smith says he expects to put up somewhere between one and two hundred thousand cans this season.

CASH IN ADVANCE.

To insure publication in this paper, all advertisements must be paid for at this office must be paid for in advance. The cash except in cases where contracts exist.

STEREOTYPING.

The Gazette Prepared to Fill All Orders for Casting Stereotype Plates.

Job offices in the city and country can have their type matter set in plates any size at The Gazette's office. This will be a great economy to job printers, enabling them to economize in type and press work. Charges reasonable.

Circulators' Notice.

All who are indebted to us for the DAILY GAZETTE, who do not pay, will be cut off from the subscription list without further notice. We are compelled to do this for every paper we take from circulation and it is impossible for us to do this unless we are paid. This rule will have no exceptions.

B. F. & J. B. SPRINKLE,
City Circulators.

Gazette Circulator's Office.

Those who wish to subscribe on subscriptions to the Fort Worth Gazette will please call on or write to W. H. Beckwith, fruit stand, respectively, B. F. and J. B. SPRINKLE, City Circulators.

A GREAT CRIME.

John Griffith Indicted by the Cooke County Grand Jury for an Inhuman Act.

Special to the Gazette.

GAINEVILLE, TEX., May 20.—John Griffith was arrested at early hour this morning at his home, twenty miles west of here, upon an indictment presented by the grand jury, now in session, charging him with incest. Since the condition of his daughter was discovered there had been suspicions of an infamous crime. The child died shortly after its birth and, there being suspicious as to the manner of its death, a post mortem examination has been ordered by the authorities. The arrival of the officers had been expected by Griffith, but at the time of the arrest he was taken by surprise. Sheriff Ware and deputies reached Griffith's house at 9 o'clock this morning and surrounded it. Just at daylight the accused came out and was confronted with a Winchester. His capture was effected without resistance and he was brought here and lodged in jail. His arrest caused a sensation, as he had lived in the county a long time and was regarded as a well-to-do and respected farmer. He has a family of grown children and a wife living.

"Monthly" we reduce our entire stock of shoes and slippers 20 per cent below the usual price. Next Saturday and Monday, May 20 and 21, the reduction days for the month. Respectfully,
WELTMAN BROS.,
505 Houston Street.

Shares in Hillsboro's Compress Sold.

Special to the Gazette.
HILLSBORO, TEX., May 20.—Two hundred and fifty shares of the new compress were sold by the sheriff this evening to satisfy an execution of the Hills county national bank against B. K. Brockington.

Subscribe for the DAILY GAZETTE.



This Way to the Fair!

Everybody goes there, and it's a sight how much you can buy for

LITTLE MONEY.

Water Cooler, \$1.10	Ice Cream Freezers, \$2.50 to \$5.00
Step Ladders, 5-foot, \$1.00	Window Screens, 40c, 45c and 50c
Wash Boilers, No. 7, 75c	Cocunut Oil Soap, per dozen, 35c
Perfumery, best goods, Per oz, 25c	Daily Pens, all sizes, 10c
Galvanized wire clothes lines, 100 ft, 30c	Good house broom, 15c
Self wringing mops, 50c	Handed trawlers & saucers, 20c



213 HOUSTON ST.

SPECIALISTS.

DR. FRANK GRAY,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice limited to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Cor. 4th and Main Sts.

DR. FRANK M. MULLINS,
Specialist,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Doctor McCoy,
Rectal and Genito-Urinary Specialist!

Female Diseases, Cures, Skin Diseases.
Piles, Fistulas, etc., without detention from work.

Urethral Strictures without cutting or dilating.
Gonorrhea, Syphilis and all diseases of the organs. Office.

510 MAIN ST., FT. WORTH, TEX.

REAL ESTATE.

J. F. PRICE,
REAL ESTATE BROKER.
Main Street, Fort Worth, Tex.

T. C. GERON,
DEALER IN REAL ESTATE.
Correspondence solicited prompt attention. CHANDLER, TEX.

Shot His Toe Off.
Special to the Gazette.

MOUNT CALM, TEX., May 20.—A painful accident occurred to Frank Leathers today by shooting himself through the foot while out hunting. One toe was entirely torn off by the shot, and two or three more were so badly injured that they will very likely require amputation. He had stopped to rest and placed the muzzle of his gun on his foot when by some means it was discharged.

Examine the gold and filled case watches at Texas Pawnshop, 309 Houston street.

Some furniture at a bargain, Texas Pawnshop, 309 Houston street.

Go to J. P. Woods' for prompt delivery and most complete line city.

**TREMENDOUS
MAI-FEST BARGAIN SALE
AT
E. Bauman's
Fort Worth
BANKRUPT DRY GOODS STORE**

Successors to the B. C. Evans Dry Goods Company.
New arrivals of latest novelties in

Grenadines, Challies, China Silks

Silks and the most gorgeous selection of Summer W. Suitings in Scotch Tweeds, Camels' Hair and other dress goods

At Prices that Will Startle You!

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS

For Millinery as well as for everything else, and can show you exclusive styles that no one else can carry and at prices that our competitors pay for them. These are facts, as you are large wholesalers in this line.

The largest and finest stock of

CARPETS, MATTINGS AND LINOLEUMS

At just one-third less than you pay elsewhere. Remember we have one entire floor for the exclusive display of Carpet and Drapery departments.

Clothing, Shoes, Slippers

Way below the reach of competition. Immense slaughter sale of

White Goods, Embroideries, Lace

AND LINENS!

We will never allow anyone to undersell us in any kind of goods that we keep for sale. We positively mean what we advertise.

E. BAUMAN,

—OWNER OF THE FORT WORTH—

BANKRUPT DRY GOODS STORE

Successor to the B. C. Evans Company.

AT THEIR OLD STAND, FIRST, HOUSTON AND MAIN STREETS, FORT WORTH

LATHROP & VINCENT

Cor. 1st and Houston Sts., Fort Worth.

New Process.

The Latest, Safest and Best.

SALE!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY

500 PAIR

LADIES' OXFORDS

100 DOZEN

MEN'S LINEN COLLARS

—GO AT—

10c Each; regular price 20c.

100 DOZEN PAIR

Men's Linen Cuffs

Go at 15c a pair; regular price 30c.

THREE DAYS ONLY! THREE DAYS ONLY!

W. H. TAYLOR DRY GOODS CO.

SALE!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY

500 PAIR

LADIES' OXFORDS

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